

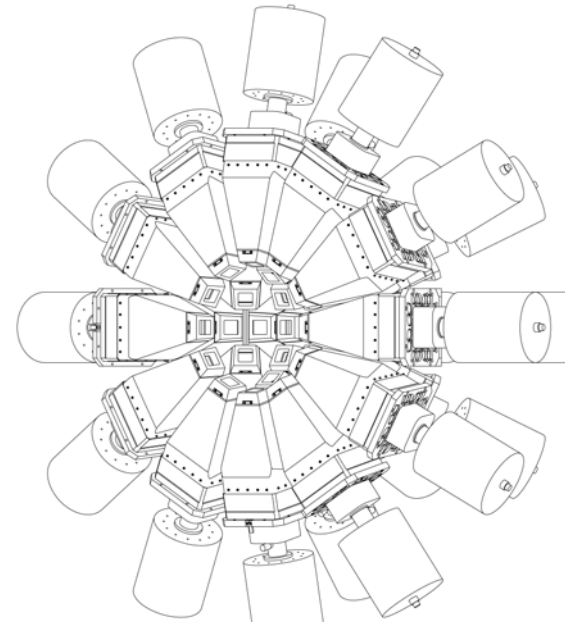
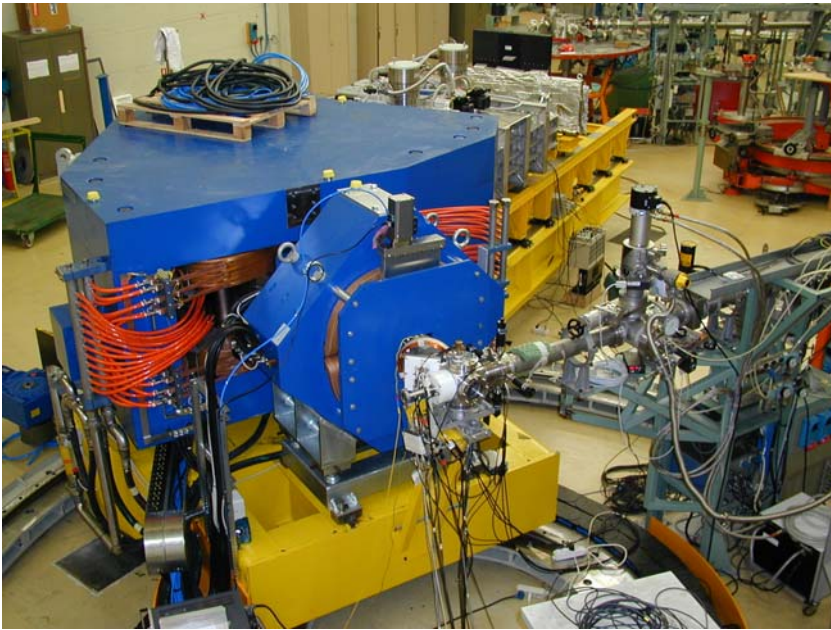
# **The CLARA – PRISMA setup: Status and perspectives at LNL**

**Spokesperson: A.Gadea INFN-LNL Legnaro**

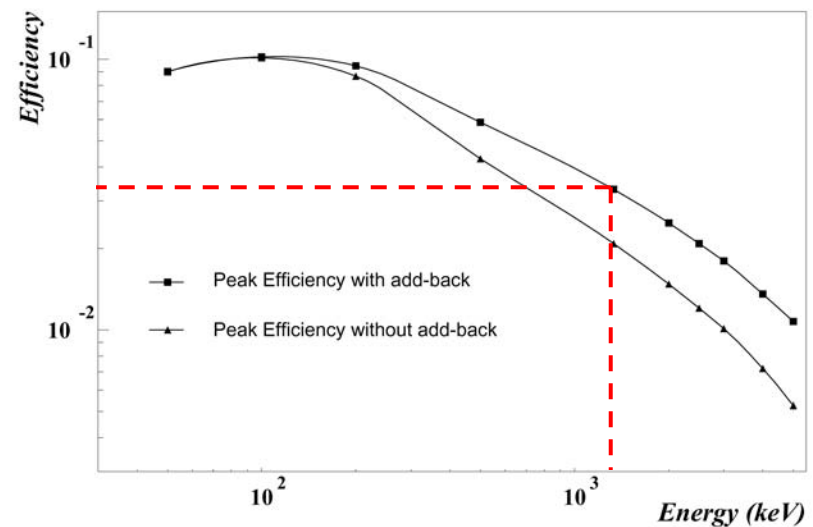
**Gamma Spectroscopy in products of binary  
reactions with intense stable beams**

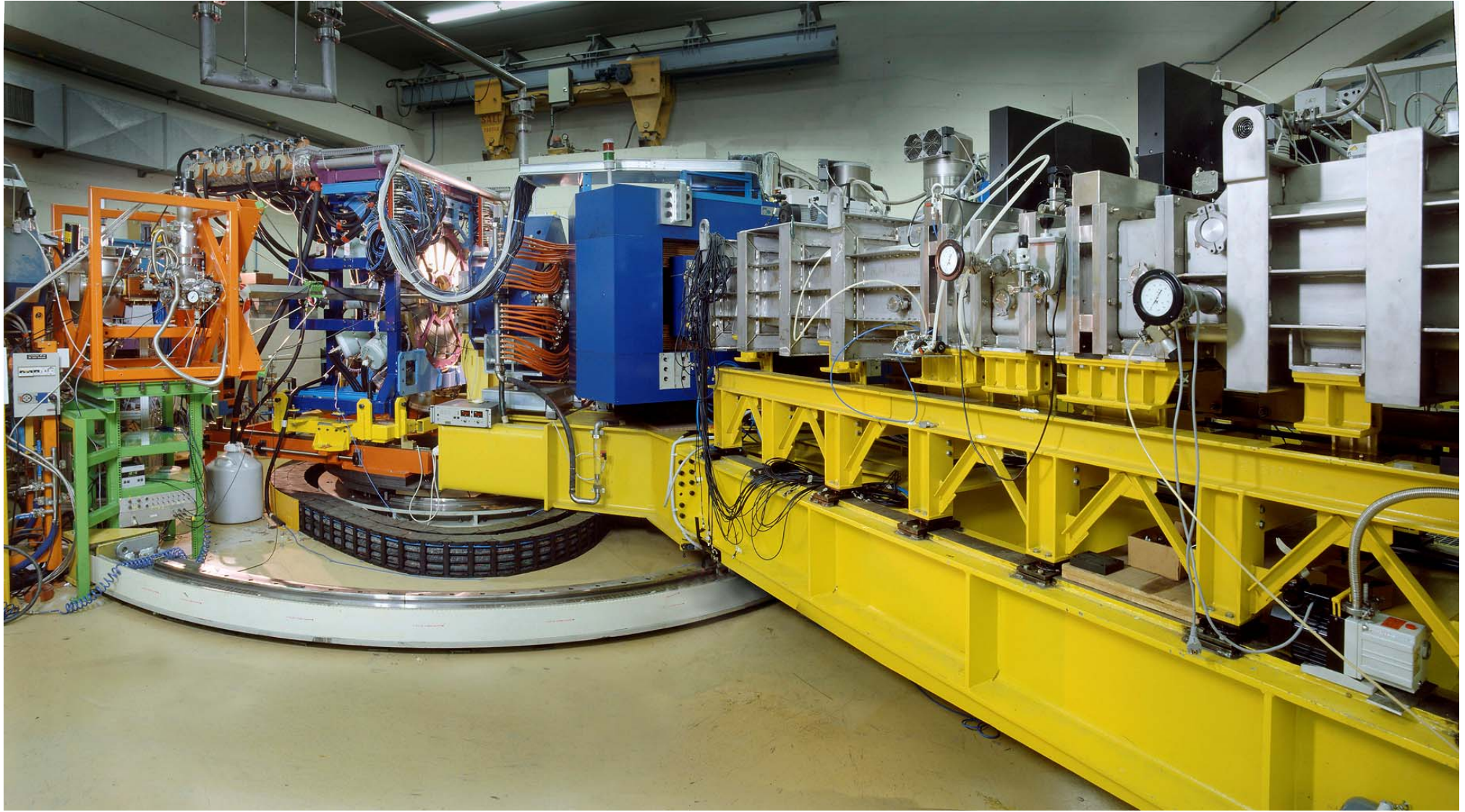
- Moderately neutron rich nuclei produced by  
Multi-nucleon transfer or deep inelastic  
collisions**
- Non-Yrast states populated in quasielastic  
reactions**

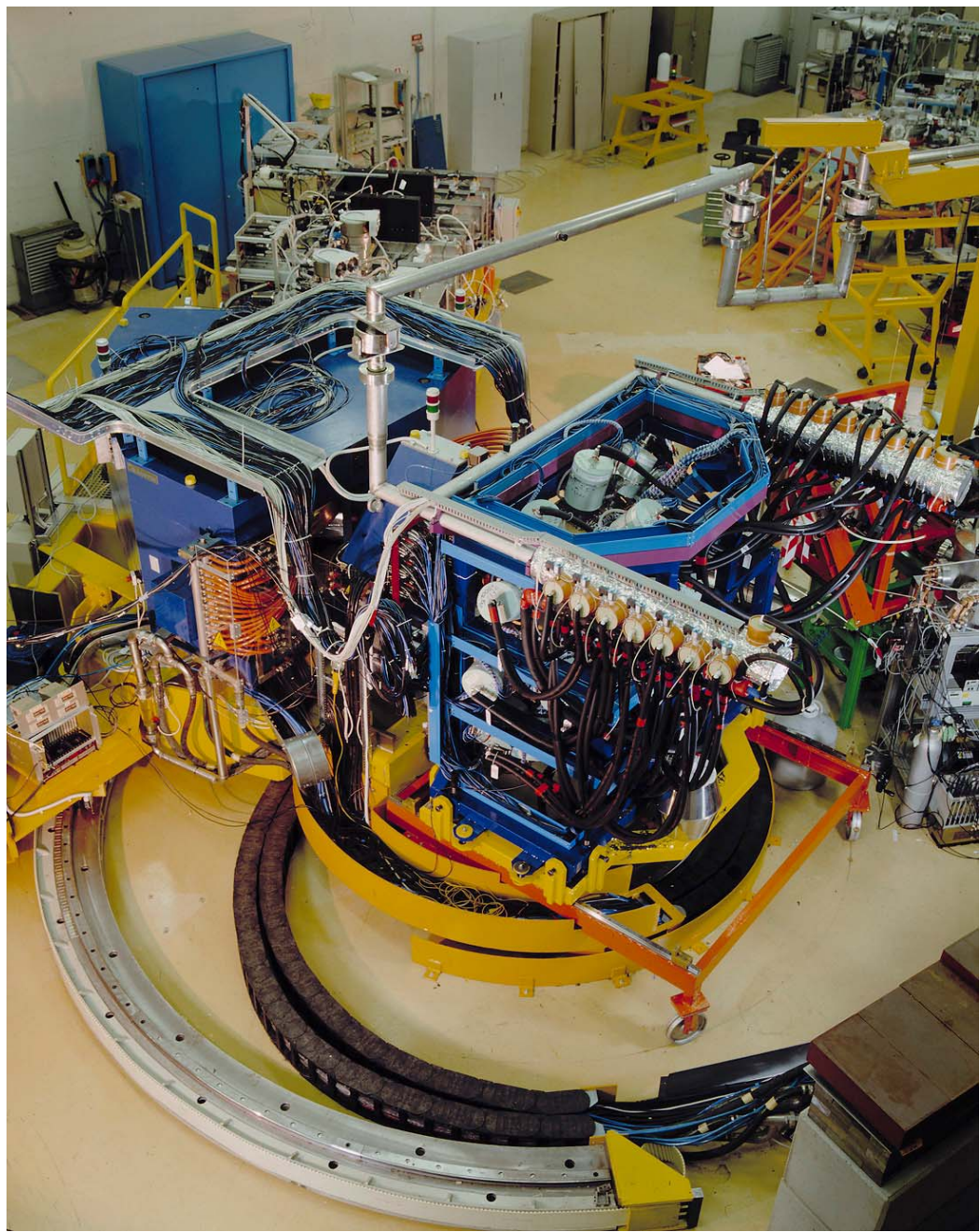
# The CLARA (Clover array)+ Prisma set-up



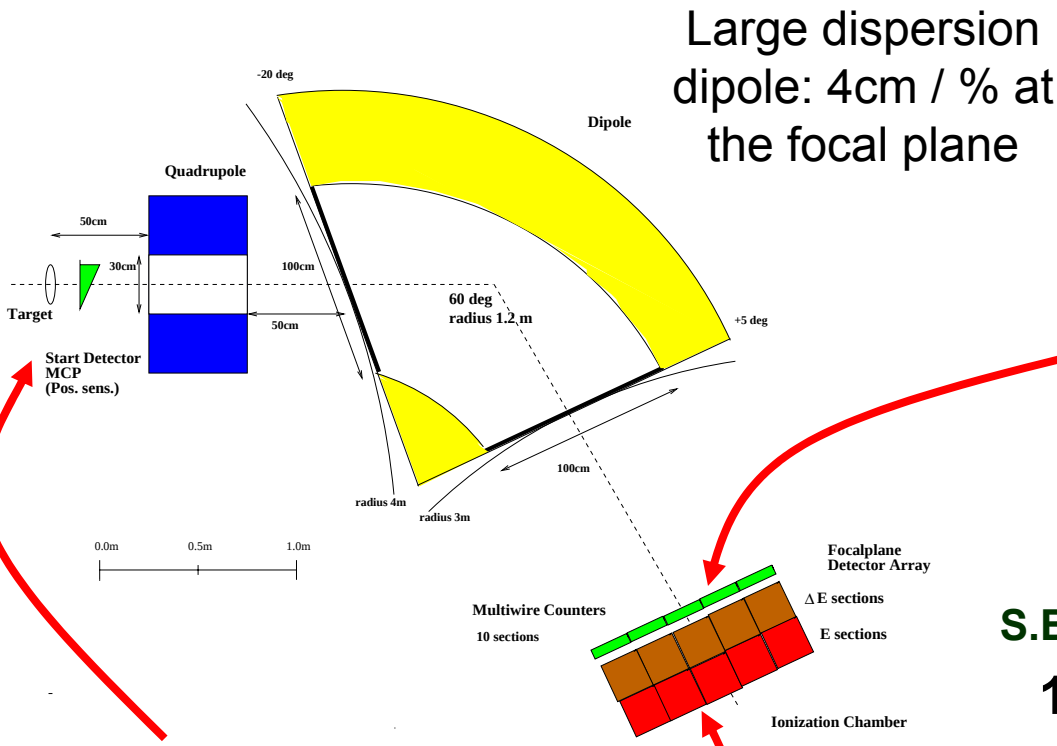
- 25 Clovers setup
- Efficiency  $\sim 3\%$
- Peak/Total  $\sim 45\%$
- Position  $\theta = 104^\circ$ - $180^\circ$
- FWHM  $\sim 10$  keV for  $E_\gamma = 1.3$  MeV  
at  $v/c = 10\%$







# The PRISMA Spectrometer Detectors



Large dispersion dipole: 4cm / % at the focal plane

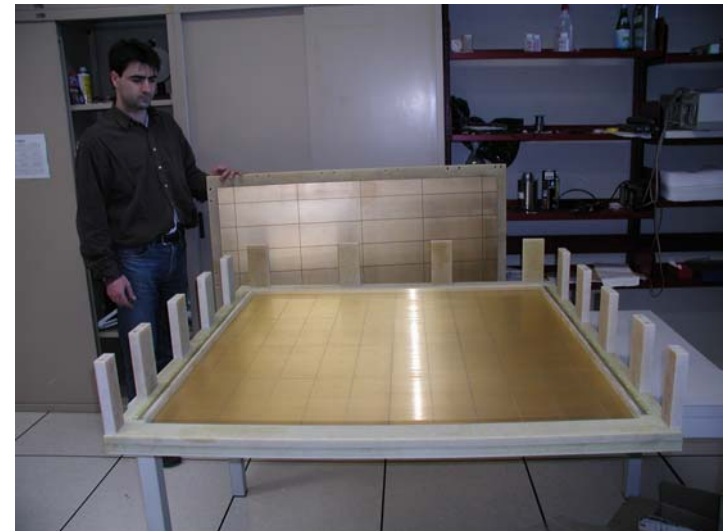
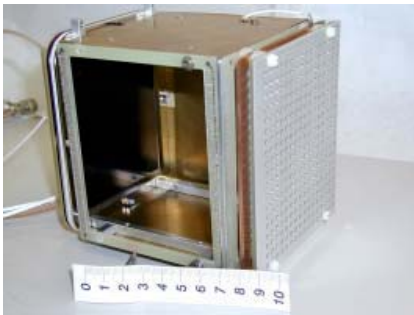
10 sections Multiwire PPAC



S.Beghini et al. LNL annual Report 2000 pg.163

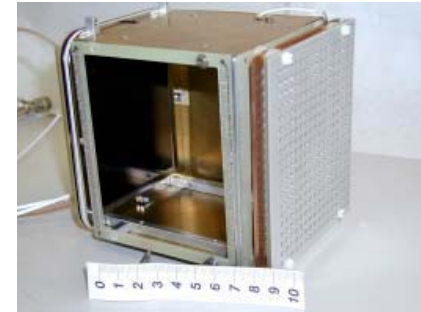
10 x 4 sections Ionization Chamber

Position sensitive MCP

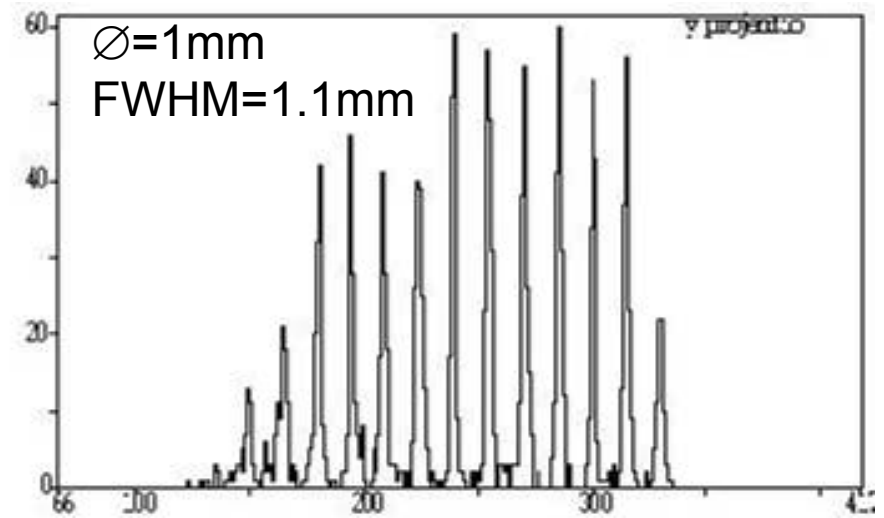
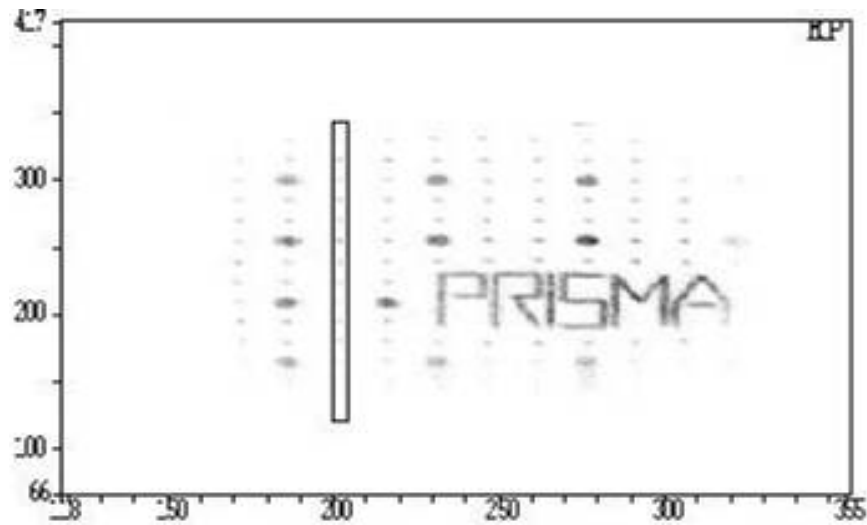
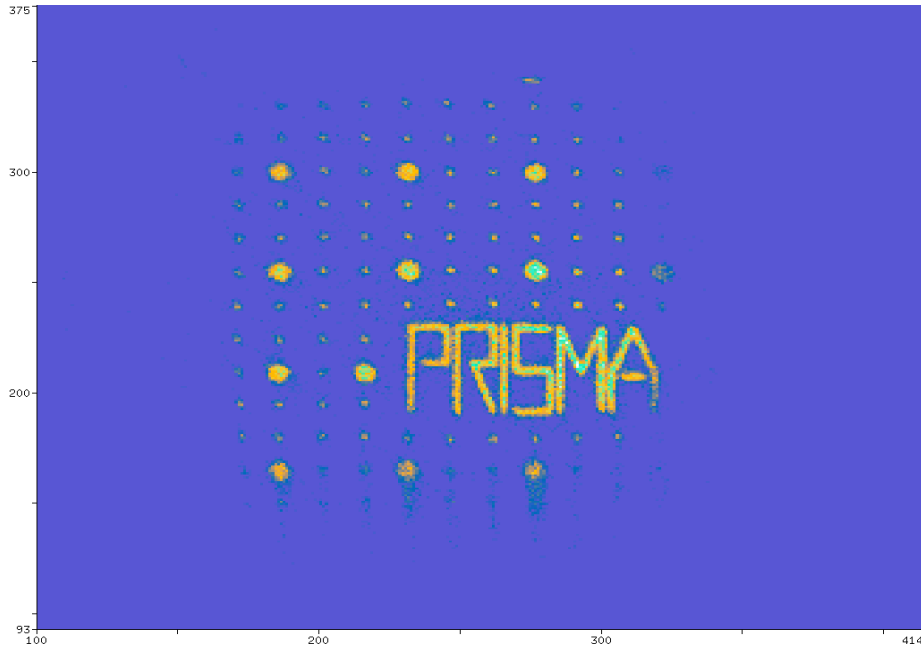


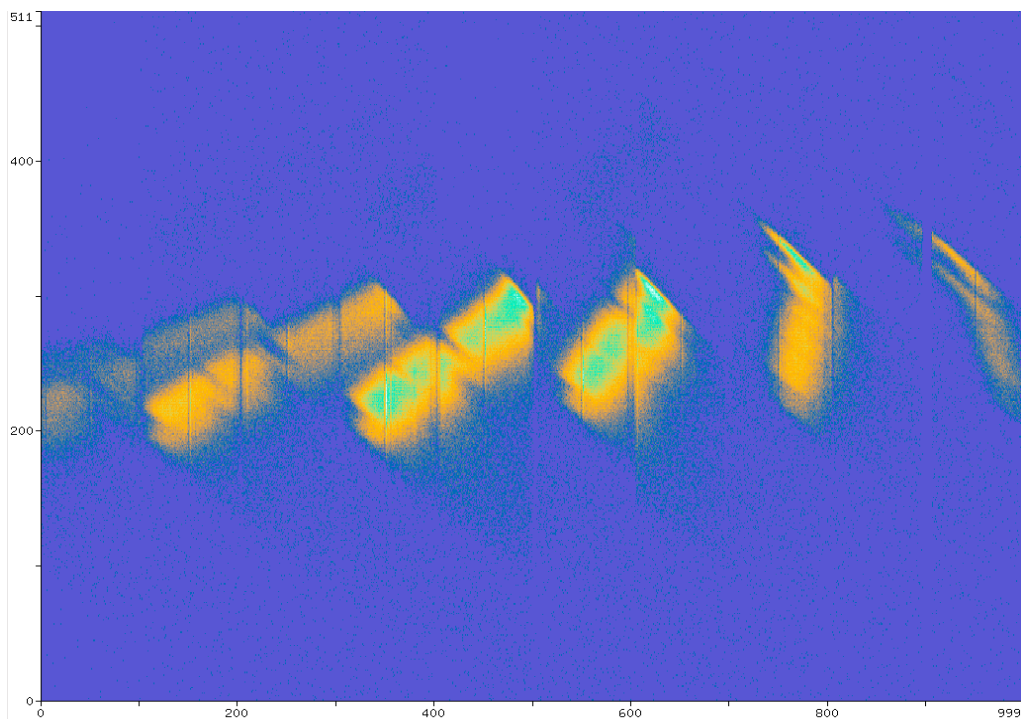
G.Montagnoli et al. LNL annual Report 2000 pg.165

# Position sensitive MCP



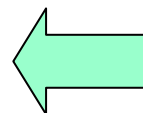
Developed in the collaboration: INFN-Padova, JINR Dubna, INFN-LNL





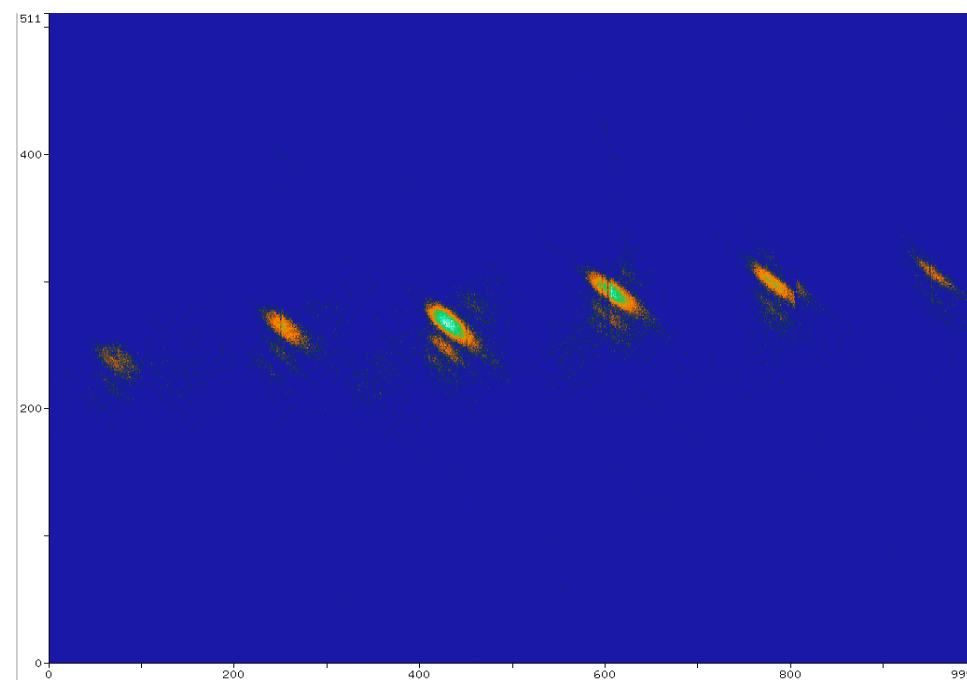
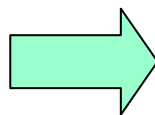
**Commissioning  
X-TOF matrix for:  
 $^{56}\text{Fe} + ^{197}\text{Au}$   
 $\theta_{\text{PRISMA}} = 70^\circ$**

Without condition in the  
entrance MCP detector



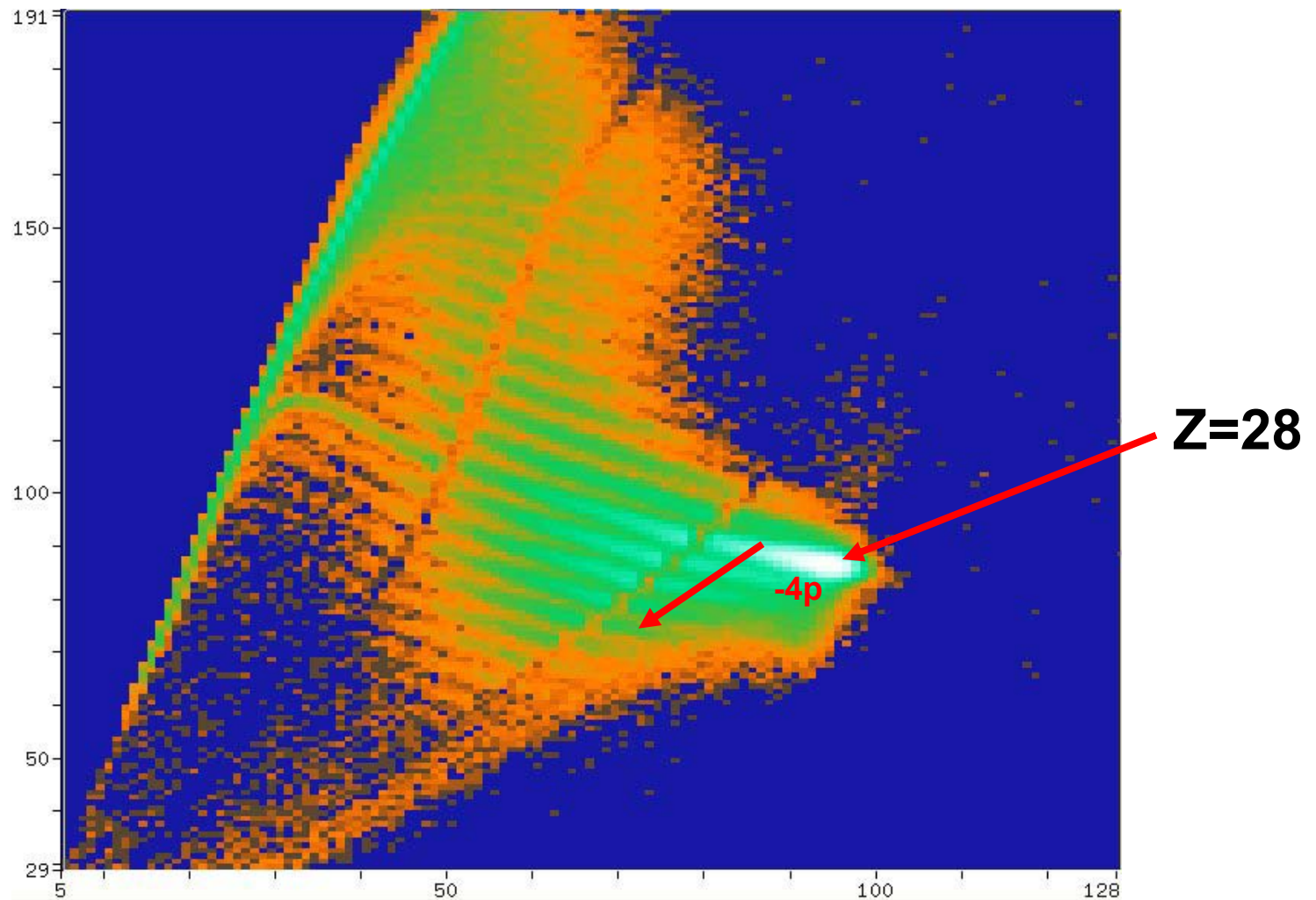
With gate 69.7-70.3 in the  
entrance MCP detector

Analysis performed by A.Latina



# Ionization Chamber $\Delta E$ -E matrix

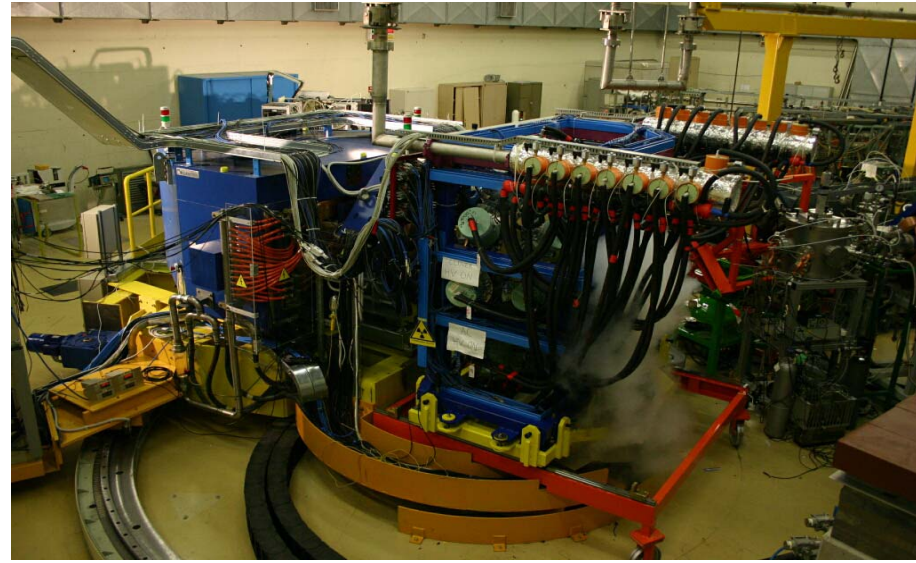
## $^{64}\text{Ni}$ 400MeV + $^{238}\text{U}$



# CLARA status

**22 CLOVER detectors installed in the frame. Average resolution ~2.3 keV**

**Experimental P/T ratio ~44%  
New beam line mechanics ready.  
LN2 Filling system (IReS) stable.**

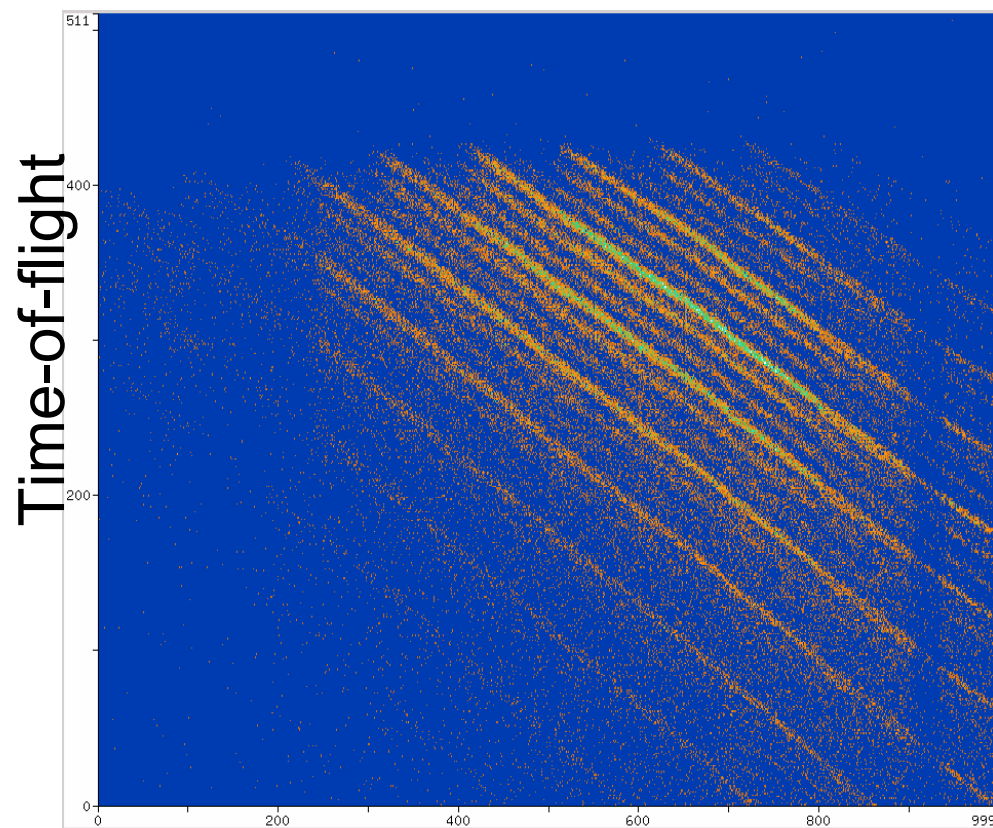


**Data acquisition, merging  
and VXI electronics stable.  
DAQ rates ~20KHz at ~50%  
dead time  
GUI (OCP + MIDAS) ready.  
HV control system ready  
Trigger electronics ready**

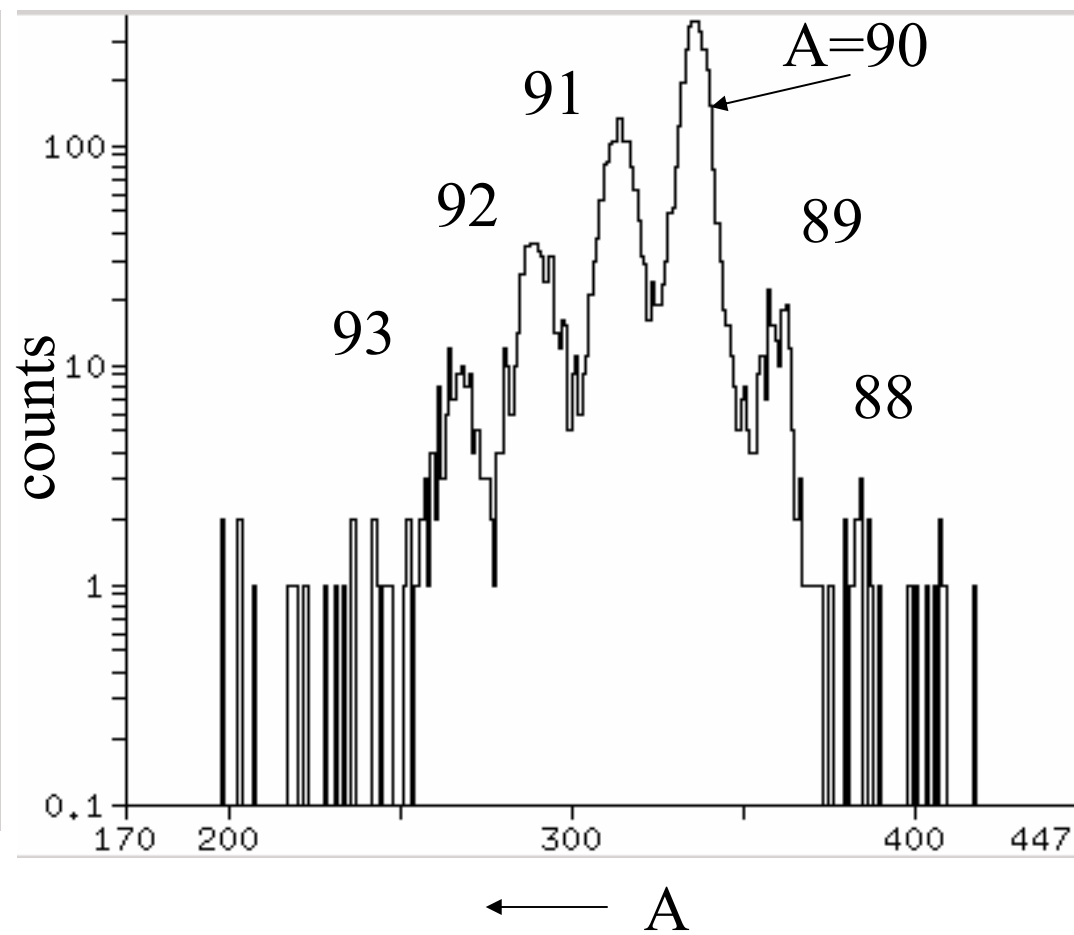


$^{90}\text{Zr}$  560MeV +  $^{208}\text{Pb}$

Spokesperson: L.Corradi



Distance along focal plane

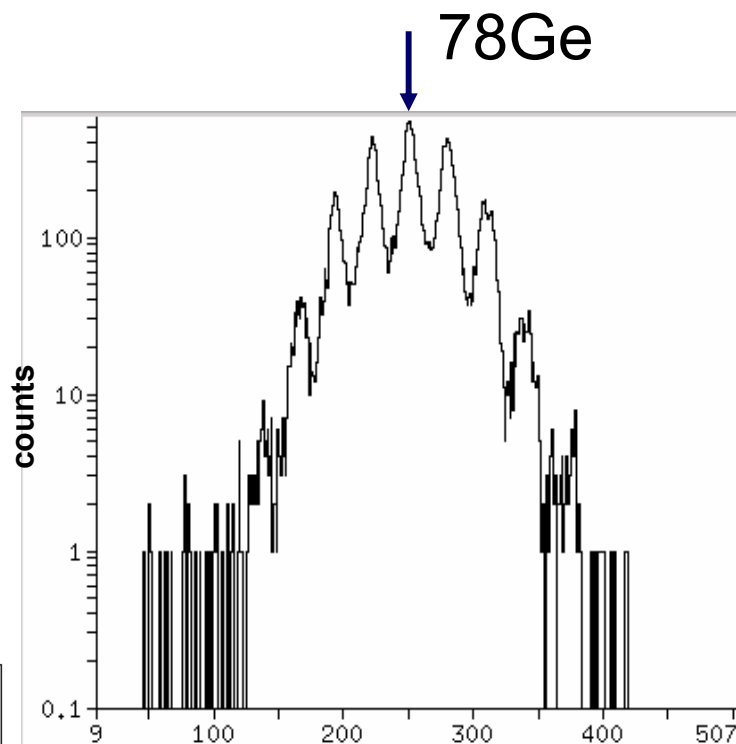


# Very Preliminary Results

Spokespersons: G.Duchêne & G. de Angelis

$^{82}\text{Se}$  515MeV +  $^{238}\text{U}$   $\theta_{\text{PRISMA}} = 64$

|                                 |                                  |                                  |                                   |                                 |                                  |                                        |                                 |                                      |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| <b>Se76</b><br>0+<br>9.36       | <b>Se77</b><br>1/2- *<br>7.63    | <b>Se78</b><br>0+<br>23.78       | <b>Se79</b><br>1.13E6 y<br>7/2+ * | <b>Se80</b><br>0+<br>49.61      | <b>Se81</b><br>18.45 m<br>1/2- * | <b>Se82</b><br>1.08E+20 y<br>0+<br>8 s | <b>Se83</b><br>22.3 m<br>9/2+ * | <b>Se84</b><br>3.1 m<br>0+           |
| <b>As75</b><br>3/2- *<br>100    | <b>As76</b><br>1.0778 d<br>2- *  | <b>As77</b><br>38.83 h<br>3/2- * | <b>As78</b><br>90.7 m<br>2- *     | <b>As79</b><br>9.01 m<br>3/2- * | <b>As80</b><br>15.2 s<br>1+ *    | <b>As81</b><br>33.3 s<br>3/2- *        | <b>As82</b><br>19.1 s<br>(1+)   | <b>As83</b><br>13.4 s<br>(5/2- 3/2-) |
| <b>Ge74</b><br>0+<br>35.94      | <b>Ge75</b><br>82.78 m<br>1/2- * | <b>Ge76</b><br>0+<br>7.4         | <b>Ge77</b><br>11.30 h<br>7/2+ *  | <b>Ge78</b><br>88.0 m<br>0+ *   | <b>Ge79</b><br>18.98 s<br>(1/2-) | <b>Ge80</b><br>29.5 s<br>0+ *          | <b>Ge81</b><br>7.6 s<br>(9/2+)  | <b>Ge82</b><br>4.6 s<br>0+           |
| <b>Ga73</b><br>4.86 h<br>3/2- * | <b>Ga74</b><br>8.12 m<br>(3-)    | <b>Ga75</b><br>126 s<br>3/2- *   | <b>Ga76</b><br>32.6 s<br>(2+,3+)  | <b>Ga77</b><br>13.2 s<br>(3/2-) | <b>Ga78</b><br>5.09 s<br>(3+)    | <b>Ga79</b><br>2.847 s<br>(3/2-)       | <b>Ga80</b><br>1.697 s<br>(3)   | <b>Ga81</b><br>1.217 s<br>(5/2-)     |
| <b>Zn72</b><br>46.5 h<br>0+ *   | <b>Zn73</b><br>23.5 s<br>(1/2-)  | <b>Zn74</b><br>95.6 s<br>0+ *    | <b>Zn75</b><br>10.2 s<br>(7/2+)   | <b>Zn76</b><br>5.7 s<br>0+ *    | <b>Zn77</b><br>2.08 s<br>(7/2+)  | <b>Zn78</b><br>1.47 s<br>0+ *          | <b>Zn79</b><br>995 ms<br>(9/2+) | <b>Zn80</b><br>0.545 s<br>0+         |

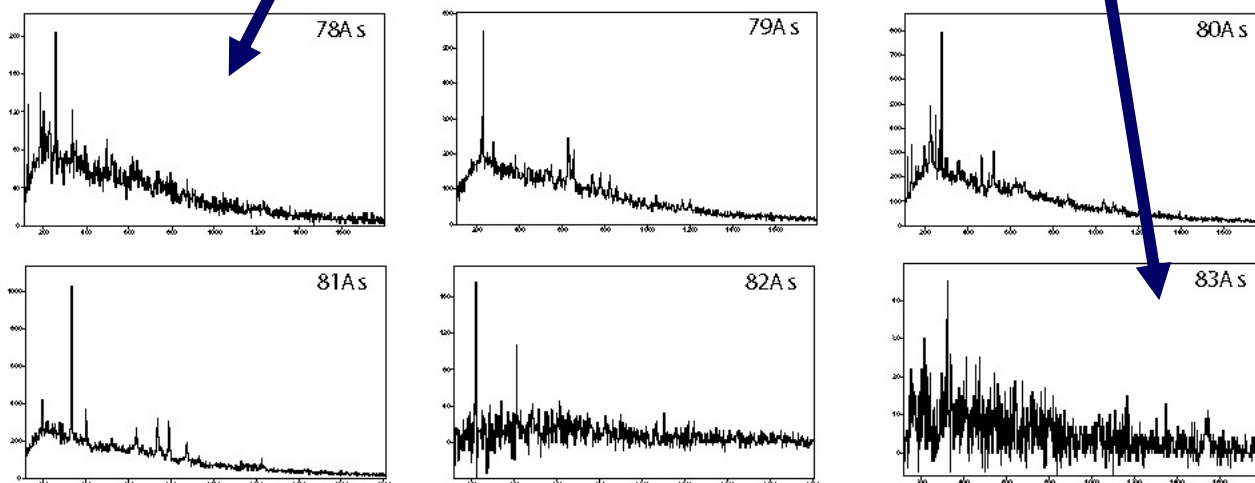


← **A**

Mass distribution of Ge isotopes

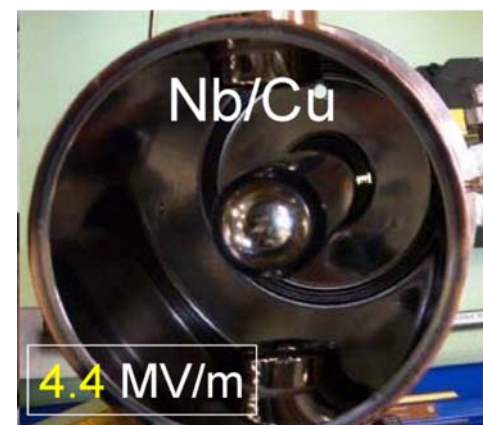
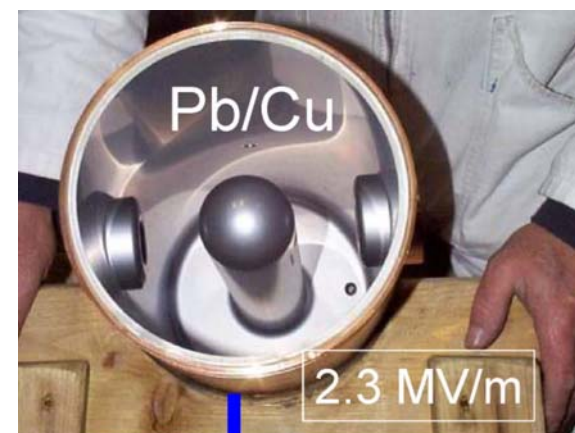
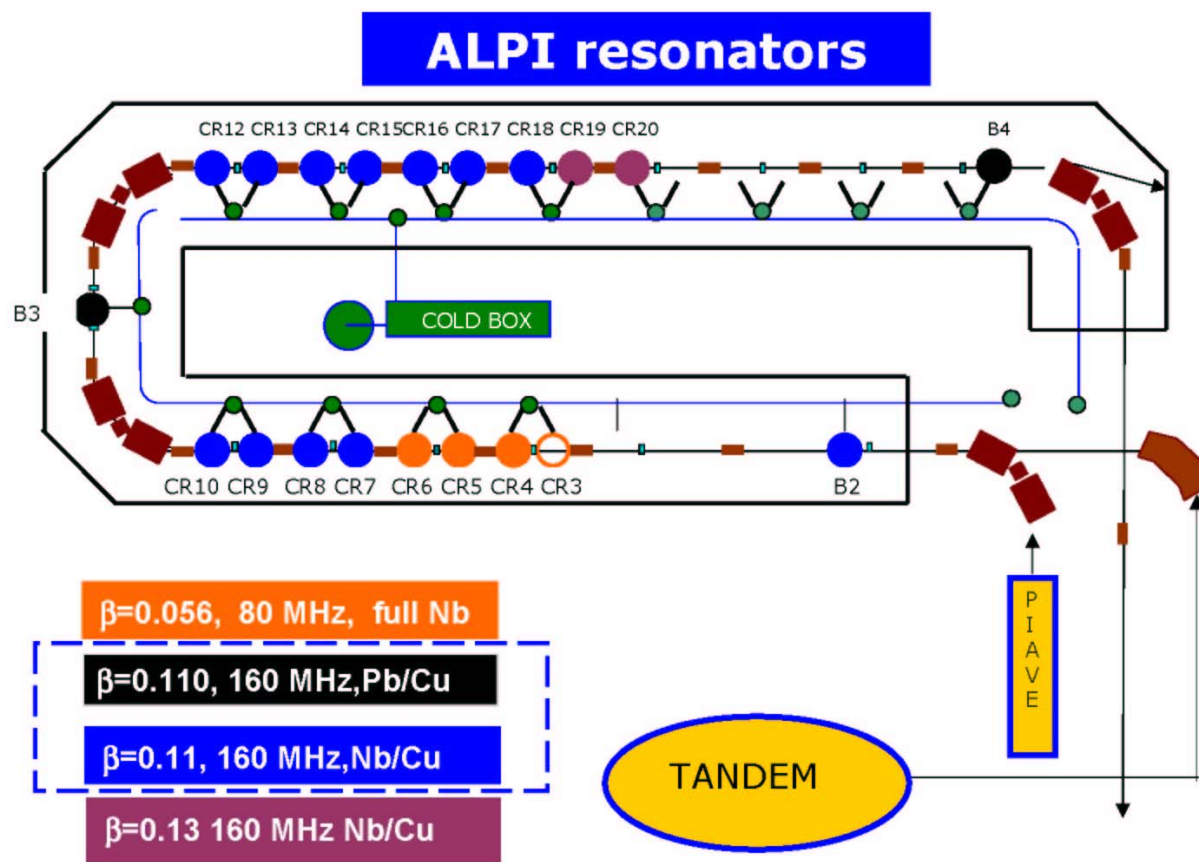
$\eta_{\text{lab}} = 66.70 \pm 0.70$

$q = 26+$ , RUN32 to 38

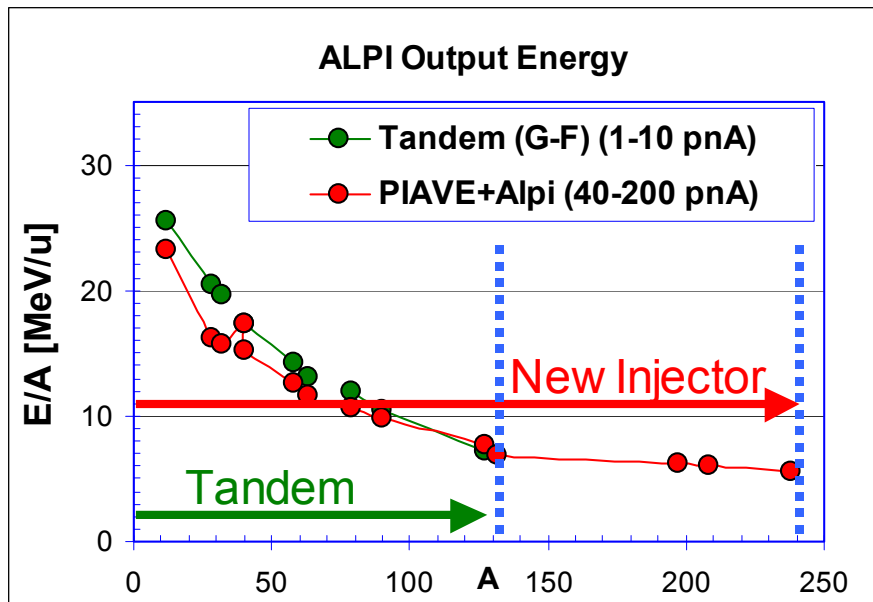
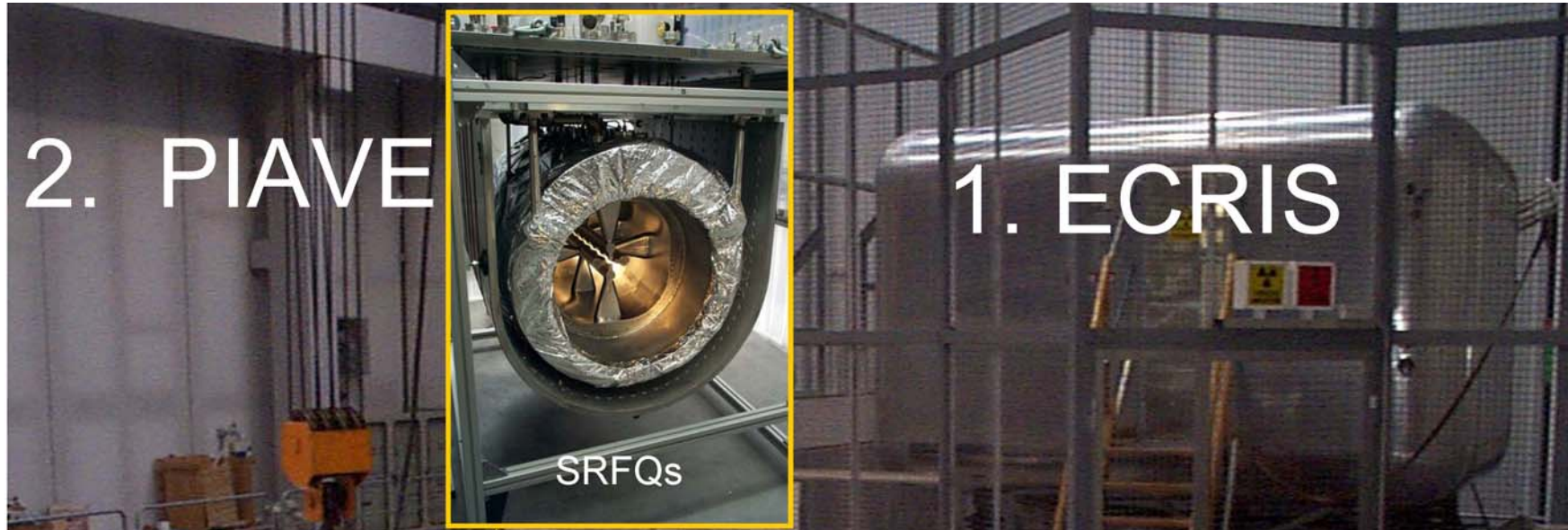


**Present constraints at LNL :**

**Tandem – ALPI beams (therefore Tandem beams) up to  $A \sim 100$ .  
Beam intensities increased up to few pA (6pA for  $^{82}\text{Se}$ ,  
4pA for  $^{90}\text{Zr}$ ) due to the ALPI energy upgrade (equivalent to  
 $\sim 32\text{MV}$ ).**



## Developments:



**Positive ion injector ECRIS + PIAVE (commissioning with ALPI expected September 2004). Ar, Kr and Xe (also Ag and Cu) beams early 2005, program to develop Sn, Cd, Sm and Pb beams at the ECR started**

# Physics Program

- **Experiments already performed:**

- F.Azaiez-X.Liang: N=20 shell closure

- G.Duchene-G.de Angelis: N=50 shell closure

- S.Lenzi-S.Freeman: Deformed N-rich A~60 nuclei

- L.Corradi: Pairing vibrational states in  $^{90}\text{Zr}$

- **To be performed:**

- Shell model in the  $^{48}\text{Ca}$

- The N=32 Shell closure

- Mirror Energy differences in the sd and f7/2 shells

- **Perspectives:**

- Dynamic symmetries

- Non-yrast exotic shapes

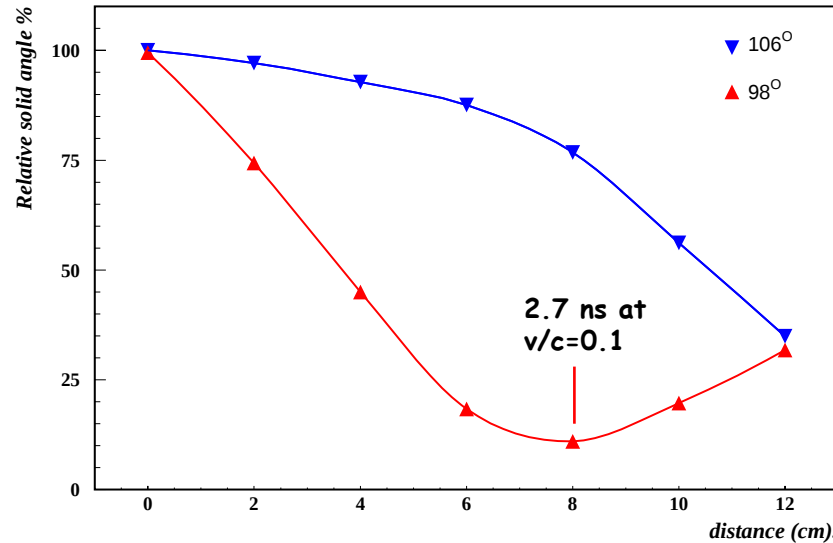
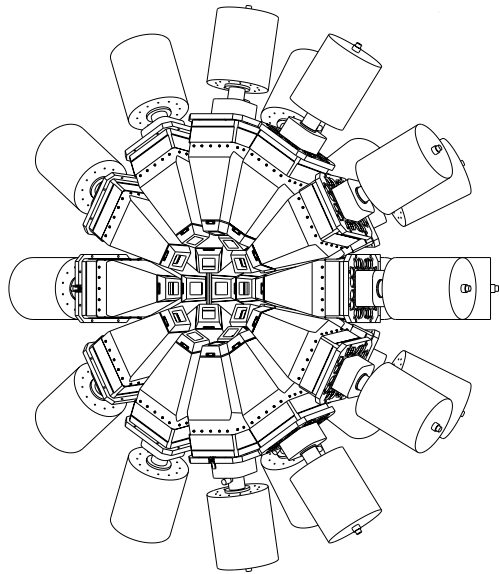
- Shell model in the  $^{132}\text{Sn}$  region (PIAVE-ALPI) and in the neighbourhood of  $^{78}\text{Ni}$

- High spin states in light n-rich nuclei in the N=20-28 region

# Lifetime measurements with the Clover array at Prisma

- Recoil Shadow anisotropy method:  
Based on the array-collimator geometry.  
Lifetimes ranging from  $\sim 0.5$  to  $\sim 20$  ns.  
**E.Gueorguieva et al. NIM A 474 (2001) 132.**
- Differential Plunger method (to be developed):  
Needs a degrader foil at different distances from target.  
Lifetimes ranging from  $\sim 1$  ps to  $\sim 1$  ns.
- RFD method:  
Developed at the Krakow Recoil Filter Detector.  
Based on the line shape analysis of the Doppler shifted lines and the change of momentum introduced by the straggling of the products in the target.  
Needs an accurate position sensitive detector as the PRISMA start MCP .  
Lifetimes ranging from  $\sim 50$  fs to  $\sim 1$  ps.  
**P.Bednarczyk, W.Meczynski, J.Styczen et al.**

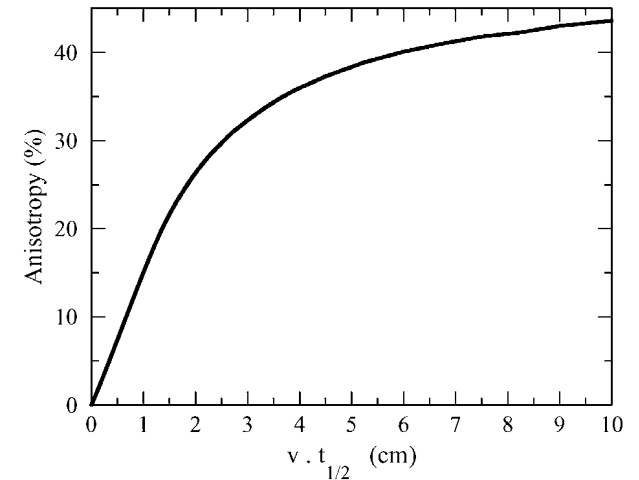
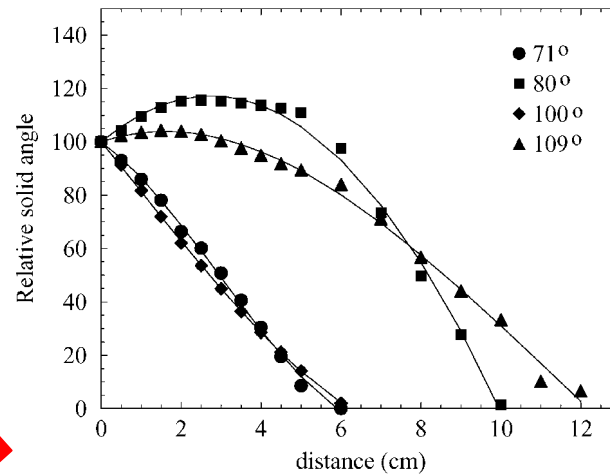
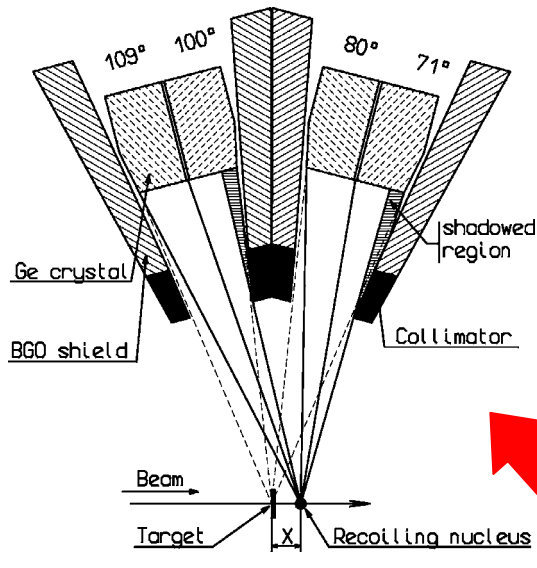
# Recoil Shadow Anisotropy Method



**Angles for the Ge crystals of the Clover array ring:**

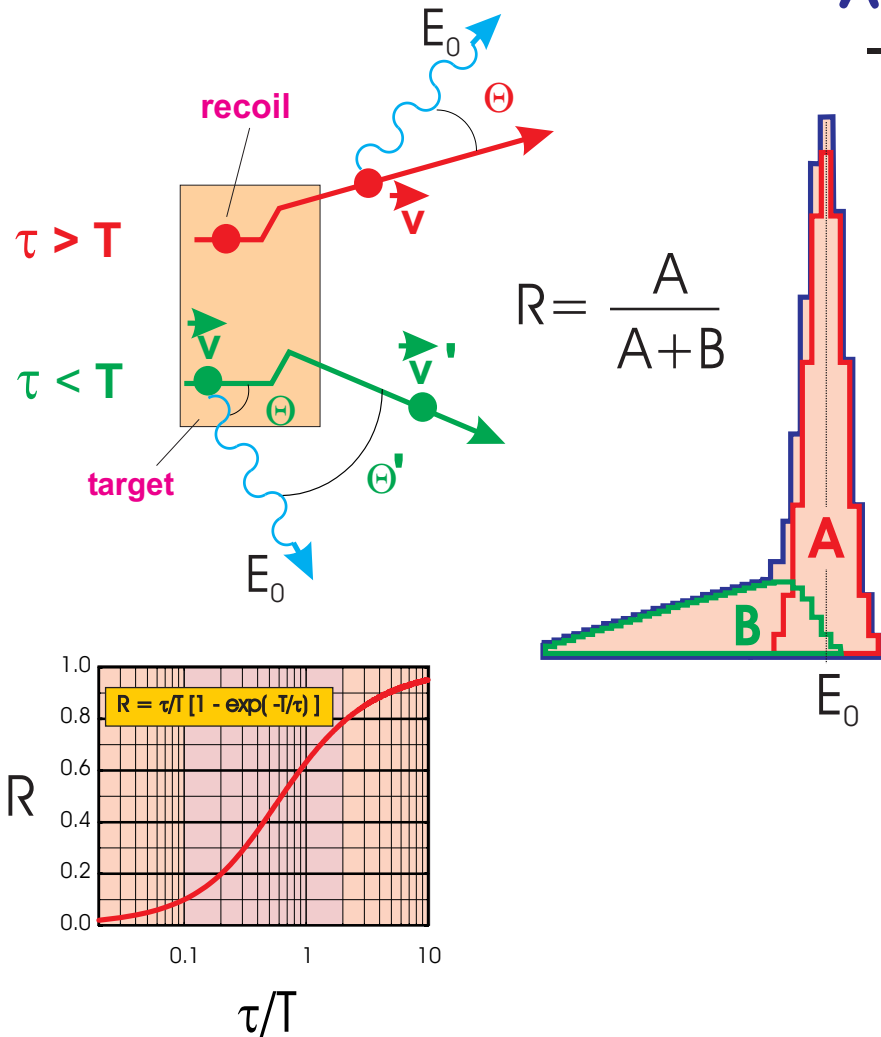
$$\theta = 106^\circ$$

$$\theta = 98^\circ$$



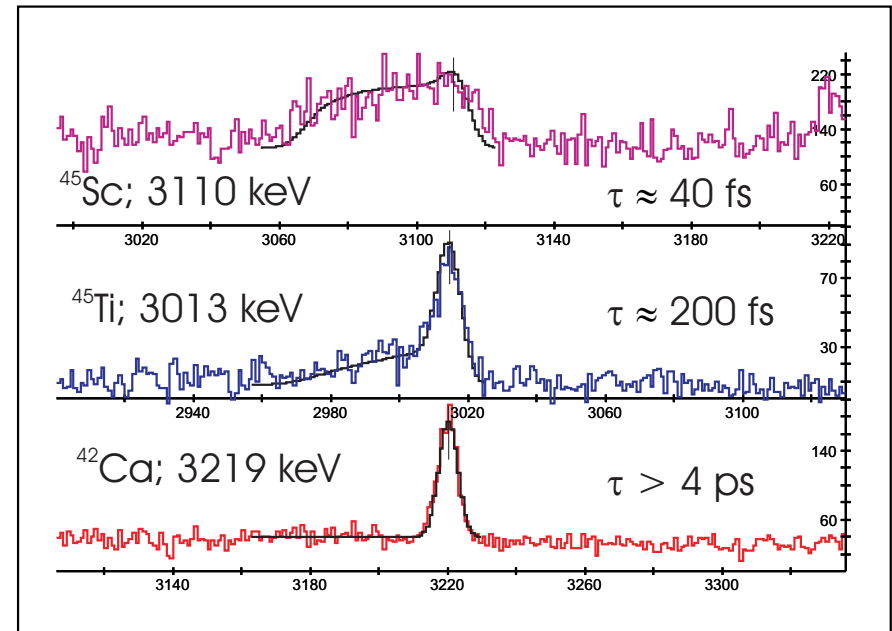
**For EUROBALL: E.Gueorguieva et al. NIM A 474 (2001) 132**

# A short lifetime determination with RFD



The range of measured lifetimes can be chosen by a selection of the target thickness.

68MeV  $^{18}\text{O}$  + 0.8mg/cm $^2$   $^{30}\text{Si}$ ;  
Recoil transit time  $\approx$  0.4 ps



In the measurement  $\tau$  ranging from 40 to 800 fs could be determined.

# **The CLARA-PRISMA collaboration**

## **•France**

**IReS Strasbourg**

## **•U.K.**

**University of Manchester**

**Daresbury Laboratory**

**University of Surrey**

**University of Paisley**

## **•Germany**

**HMI Berlin**

**GSI Darmstadt**

## **•Italy**

**INFN LNL-Legnaro**

**INFN and University Padova**

**INFN and University Milano**

**INFN and University Genova**

**INFN and University Torino**

**INFN and University Napoli**

**INFN and University Firenze**

**University of Camerino**

## **•Spain**

**University of Salamanca**

## **•Romania**

**Horia Hulubei NIPNE Bucharest**